Determining Necessity of Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN) Completion*

1. **Diagnose.** Determine your patient’s diagnosis.

2. **Document.** Write the diagnosis code(s) on the front of this requisition.

3. **Verify.** Determine if the laboratory test(s) ordered for the patient is subject to Local Coverage Determination or National Coverage Determination. This information can be located in the policies published by your Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC), CMS, or www.LabCorp.com/MedicareMedicalNecessity.

4. **Review.** If the diagnosis code for your patient does not meet the medical necessity requirements set forth by Medicare or the test(s) is being performed more frequently than Medicare allows, an ABN should be completed.

*An ABN should be completed for all tests that are considered investigational (experimental or for research use) by Medicare.

**How to Complete an Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN)**

Medicare is very specific in requiring that all of the information included on the ABN be completed. Additionally, LabCorp requests that the specimen number or bar code label be included on the form. To be valid an ABN must:

1. Be executed on the CMS approved ABN form (CMS-R-131)
2. Identify the Medicare Part B Beneficiary, using the name as it appears on the patient’s red, white and blue Medicare card
3. Indicate the test(s)/procedure(s) which may be denied within the relevant reason column
4. Include an estimated cost for the test(s)/procedure(s) subject to the ABN
5. Have ‘Option 1’, ‘Option 2’, or ‘Option 3’ designated by the beneficiary
6. Be signed and dated by the beneficiary or his/her representative prior to the service being rendered